Message from the teachers:





Hello KS1,

As we continue to learn about Creation, we are going to focus on how to be both Generous and Grateful in RE,

As we learn about the Stewardship of the World, we will create a Factifle of St. Francis of Assisi and Catholic Social Teaching

In Geography, we will discover so much about our World

In Science, we will find out how we are just amazing!

We will discover more about the Weather and Fieldwork Geography

Real PE has been such enormous fun!

Have a great week everyone!

Key Stage One Team:

Mrs Redfern & Miss McDonnell, Miss Ryan & Mrs Humphris & Mrs Smith





This Weekly Learning Plan shares the learning that will be taking place this week.

	Mrs Redfern & Miss McDonnell,				
Teachers:	Mrs Humphris & Mrs Smith	Year:	2	Date:	W/B Monday 25 th September 2023
	Miss Ryan				

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY

of St. Francis' song praising

God for the different things

that God has made.

Read the story of St. Francis

to the birds of the air?

the world God has made?

preaching to the birds of the air.

Why do you think St. Francis spoke

What does this story tell us about

St. Francis wrote a special song

made in the world: Sun. Moon.

Fire, and Water. Share with the

Begin each verse with the words.

"Be praised my Lord."

children a version of the song.

praising God for everything he had







CREATION UNIT A:

LO: Sharing Our Catholic Pupil Profile

GOSPEL VALUES & VIRTUES: Generous & Grateful.



CATHOLIC PUPIL PROFILE: GOSPEL VALUES & VIRTUES



Genesis 1: 2-4 – The Story of Creation

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=eiYhoBHpvEA



(UNIT A POG)

LO: To understand how we can show that we are grateful for God's creation

LO: To create a fact-file about St. Francis of Assisi

Steward Ship of God's
Creation:
How can we be guardians of
God's Creation?

CST: Unit A – Creation

How can we show that we are grateful for God's creation?



Stewardship_Lets research ST. Francis of Assisi

- Who was he?
- Is he a role model of stewardship of God's creation
- Begin to gather information for a factfile of S.Francis



number 8 and 139.

List the things that God has made and explain why they are important.

LO: To explore psalms

Show children, through pictures and produce, that this is Harvest time and that this is a time for celebration and giving thanks to God.

Introduce the word "Psalm" to the children.

Explain that these are special songs and prayers in the Bible that thank God for his special gifts.

Share with the children Psalm 8 and 139. 'All of God's creation is wonderful'



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7 6030H33Ghs

List some of the things that God has made. Why are they important?

What does Psalm 139 tell us about human beings?

LITURGY & WORSHIP

LO: To Hold a special liturgy celebrating some of the work in this topic.

To use some of the creation psalms in Collective Worship



C1 Take part in celebrations which express thanks and praise.

R1 That praise and thanks are expressed in prayer, e.g. creation psalms.

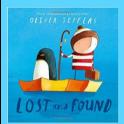
Create a class litany of thanks. Each child names the part of creation they most value (e.g. Thank you God for ... the sunshine because, etc.)

Write each part of the litany on different coloured strips of paper to use in class liturgies.

	ER1 Ask what they wonder about: What does Creation mean to you? Who made the World that we are living in? ER 2 Ask wondering questions about all of the areas of study and recognize that some questions are difficult to answer: Why did God make the World? Why did God make us in his own image? How can we show love to one another by considering each other's feelings (celebrating who we are – our similarities and our differences	Solid Frencis of Assistance of		Psalm 139 - Creation Song - Bible Songs for Kids https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6XQ5 e0Uhqh4 PSALM CHAPTER 8:1	
£ 0 2 2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tUvgOTsPkzc LO: 10s on a Number line to	LO: 10s and 1s on a Number line to 100	LO: Estimate numbers on a number line	LO: Comp <mark>are</mark> numbers 1	LO: Compare numbers 2
2 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Unit 1 Numbers to 100	Unit 1 Numbers to 100	Unit 1 Numbers to 100	Unit 1 Numbers to 100	Unit 1 Numbers to 100
C SOUTH	Text Book Pages 44-47	Text Book Pages 48-51	Text Book Pages 52-55	Text Book Pages 56-59	Text Book Pages 60-63
Maths Power 2A	Workbook Pages 33-35	Workbook Pages 36-38	Workbook Pages 39-45	Workbook Pages 42-44	Workbook Pages 45-48
	L.O: To identify adverbs in a story.	L.O: To identify verbs in the present (imperative) tense.	L.O: To write a set of instructional sentences.	L.O: To research about penguins and Antarctic creatures.	L.O: To create a nonchronological report.



English



Read up to 'but his voice was too small to be heard over the ship's horn'. Grammar splat (adverbs and adverbials): Read the first part of the story and ask children to identify the words and phrases that start sentences, other than 'he' and 'the boy'. Identify once, one day, so, that night, the next morning. Explain that these are types of adverbs (and adverbials) that help us to sequence stories.

Give children key images from the beginning of the story and ask them to work in pairs to retell the story so far to one another, using the adverbs orally

Grammar splat: Repeat the grammar splat activity, this time focusing on the verbs from first part of story - e.g. ignored, helped etc. Explain that these verbs are all in the past tense because they have already happened. Identify the ending of the verbs. Model turning these verbs into the present tense by removing the ed ending, e.g. help, ignore, ask etc. Focus on regular verbs at this point.

Simple Past	Present/Imperative
ignored	ignore
helped	help
looked	look
decided	decide

Shared writing: Model writing sentences in the present tense to describe what the boy did to try and help the penguin, e.g. Ask your toy duck, Check in the lost and found office.

Extend with, 'If' for

Shared writing: Return to modelled sentences from the beginning of yesterday's session and model turning these into a set of instructions. Add adverbs to create cohesion between the sentences (have these adverbs added to grammar splat). Begin with the title How to Help Someone Who is Lost and use bullet-points or numbers to list a set of instructions that the boy in the book could use.

Children to write their own set of instructions for the boy, using the features demonstrated, e.g. title, bullet-points or numbers and imperative (present) tense verbs and adverbs. Use verbs from the grammar splat and ideas from the book, but children can also add their own ideas. This series of lessons could be extended by writing a set of instructions for How to Catch a Star, where the children write a set of instructions for the same boy.

This outcome will work best where non-chronological reports are revision for children, rather than an unfamiliar text type. Read up to "The next morning, he discovered that penguins come from the South Pole".

Investigate penguins

Use books, fact files and computer to carry out research.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fwnmjEipYI

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O8qilxaBR2

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_WgbHKtiz ro start at 18 seconds

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W5ddwHJq

Re-cap information we collected yesterday about the Penguin.

Shared writing: Model

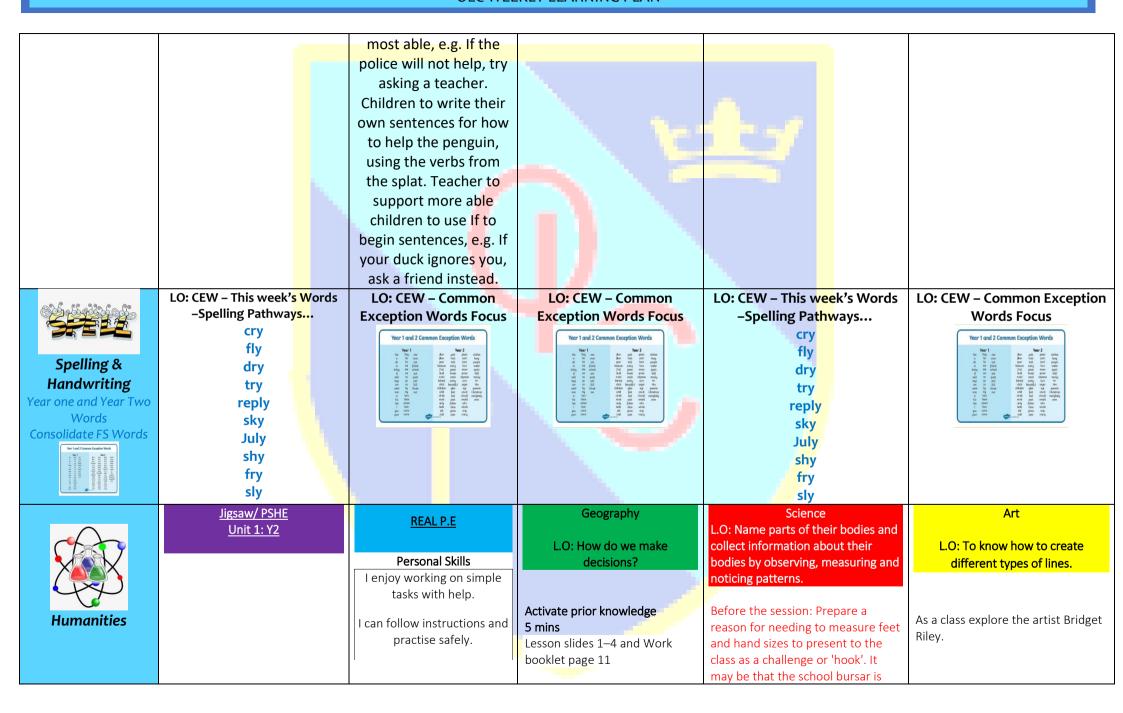
writing a simple introduction

for a nonchronological report about Penguins. Suggest using subheadings to section information, e.g. Where they live? What they look like? What they eat?

Children create a simple nonchronological report about Penguins.

Interesting facts.

Have information about the penguin to hand and provide children with technical vocabulary word banks.







GEOGRAPHY:





Think about everyone's right to learn

You Are Here

3. Rewards and Consequences

Praise Reward Consequence Positive Negative Choices

I listen to other people and contribute my own ideas about rewards and consequences

I help make my class a safe and fair place

Jigsaw Charter, Jigsaw Chime, Jigsaw Jo, Jigsaw Jo's bag of rewards, Jigsaw Song: 'Together

One', picture cards, Jigsaw Journals, My Jigsaw Journey, Learning/Reflection Sheet, Jigsaw Jerrie Cat.

I try several times if at first I don't succeed and I ask for help when appropriate

Warm up

1 Off We Go!

Ride around and show all your amazing bike moves.

On And Off

Carefully practise getting onto your bikes.

Onto 1 leg and freeze for a photo of everyone before your trip.

Heads Up

You're off for another ride and don't forget to beep when you pass another rider.

Helmets On

Whoops! Did you forget to put your helmets on?

Quick fasten them and check your friend's helmet.

Who's Being Safe?

Now 'beep' when you pass other riders practising safely with their helmets on and their heads up, looking where they're going.

Bicycle Bling

- Show pupils the main lesson question.
- Pupils should complete the Quiz independently, but can check back in their Work booklets if they need to.

Explain/Explore 10 mins

Lesson slide 5 and Work booklet pages 11-12

- Discuss pupils' experiences of making decisions and choices they have had to make, e.g. deciding what to wear or what to eat for breakfast. and ask pupils to share what they thought about to help them make their decision. e.g. what the weather was like or what was their favourite cereal.
- Display Lesson slide 5 and explain that pupils are going to make decisions to plan their ideal bedroom.
- Pupils should start working on task 1 in pairs. Allow a maximum of 5 minutes of discussion time.

and hats for Forest School, or a Riley?. school trip, and doesn't know if people with bigger feet might need larger sized gloves too. Take photographs throughout the activity. Whole Class: Invite the chn photograph of it. to sit down and explain the rules of the Simon Says game. Play with the

considering ordering new gloves

chn, pointing out body parts such

as elbows, knees, toes, ears, eves.

nose. Then explain the problem,

asking them to talk to each other

bigger feet need larger gloves?

Encourage all their ideas, saying

times when they discuss lots of

Write any additional questions

so everyone can see. Say the

question again to the class and

then say: We are thinking like

scientists so we have thought

about our question and talked to

each other. Now we need to do

some predicting. If you 'predict'

something, it means you say

somethin<mark>g tha</mark>t you think will

likely to happen. So, can you

of the room if they think the

happen. Scientists predict things

after they have thought hard and

talked to each other about what is

predict what the answer is going to

be? Ask the chn to go to one side

answer to the question is going to

be 'yes' and to the opposite if they

think it will be 'no'. Reassure them

about the question: do people with

that grown-up scientists often have

things before deciding what to do.

they may have on cards and display

Link: Tate - Who is Bridget

Place all the children's chalk drawings together on the table. edge to edge, to make one big line drawing collage. Then take a

Ask the children to come up with a name for their collective artwork, remembering some of the titles of Bridget Riley's work.

Select some children to choose a square that they like and say why they have chosen it (they should not choose their own square).

The chalk can be sprayed with a fixative solution (aerosol) or ordinary hairspray to prevent the chalk from smudging on the paper. Although for health and safety and allergy reasons, this should be done when the children have left.

Cross-hatch

Drawing lines crossed over and close together.

Diagonal

A line that is straight and sloping.

Riders who practise safely and are following instructions will get a coloured decoration for their bike wheels.

Skill

Yellow Skill

With fluency and control:

I can side-step in both directions.

I can gallop, leading with either foot.

I can hop on either foot.

I can skip.

Green Skill

With fluency and control:

I can combine side-steps with 180° front pivots off either foot.

I can combine side-steps with 180° reverse pivots off either foot.

I can skip with knee and opposite elbow both at 90° angle.

I can hopscotch forwards and backwards, hopping on the same leg (right and left).

Explain/Explore 10 mins

Lesson slides 6–7 and Work booklet page 13

- Explain that there are some more design rules for their ideal bedroom that pupils need to bear in mind.
- Display Lesson slide 6 and read the rules together.
- Agree that this sort of information is useful to know from the start of the planning process.
- Ask pupils to choose three of the rules as a class.
- Explain that another word for the chosen rules is 'criteria', and they will use these to make decisions about their bedroom.
- Display the target board on Lesson slide 7 and add the chosen criteria to the boxes on the left, e.g. designed to last, not too expensive, suitable for the other people who use it.
- The target board is also used in the

that it is okay to think for themselves and that they shouldn't follow other people. Ask chn from each side of the room to explain why they have chosen that side. Split them into pairs. Tell them that they are going to help each other measure their hands and feet. Give them the How to Measure resource. This includes some tips for measuring and a place to record their measurements.

Ask these children to work in pairs to measure their hands and feet, in centimetres, for the more able, or give them unifix cubes and other items from the classroom to measure with. Remind them that they need to place these items carefully along the hand or foot, without leaving gaps. Give them plain paper so they can explore how to record their measurements. Ask them to photograph their measuring too. Use these, and their plain paper recording, to make a display 'Our Body Patterns'

Horizontal

Flat or level with the ground and not at an angle to it.

Line

A mark on a surface can be different lengths, widths and create shapes.

Optical art

Then show the class some further examples of her work:

- Link: Google Arts and Culture - 'Arrest 2', 1965 -Bridget Riley.
- Link: Google Arts and Culture - Untilted (Wave) -Bridget Riley .
- Link: WikiArt 'Arrest 1', 1965, by Bridget Riley.

Ask the children what words come to mind when looking at her work and record their answers on a class mind map or whiteboard.

Alternatively, the children can use their sketchbooks to record their

Application

ntroduce the song line by line.

Discuss, agree on and practise different actions to perform as the song progresses.

You might start with the video example for the children to copy and then create their own movements.

Children could perform movements individually and/or in pairs.

Review

Children work in pairs or small groups with a ball or other piece of equipment per pair/group.

Use a central clock and whistle/buzzer and divide the talking time evenly among the group with only the child holding the ball permitted to talk and with the ball on every 30, 45 or 60 seconds.

Combine this method with **Question**

Decision making toolkit (Waypoint 2)

 Pupils should complete task 2 in pairs.

Practise 10 mins

Lesson slide 7 and Work booklet pages 12–13

- Allow pairs time to refine their bedroom plans using the criteria to inform their decisions.
- Select pupils to share their designs with the class.
- As they do this, place your finger in the middle of the target on Lesson slide 7. Ask the class whether the design meets the first criteria, e.g. Will it last? Will the pupil still want a jungle-themed room when they are 12? If yes, leave the finger in the middle. If not, move it out one circle. Ask which bedrooms hit the bullseye.
- Pupils should complete task 3 in pairs.

Explain/Explore

ideas, drawing what they see in the artist's work, which could form a simple artist research page.

Ask the questions on slide 1 of the *Presentation: Exploring line* and take feedback.

Presentation: Exploring line

1

Questions

- What words would you use to describe the lines in her work?
- How are the lines the same? How are they different?
- How do they make you feel?
- How could you make these lines?

Art that uses shape, colour and pattern in special ways to create images that look like they are moving.

Vertical

	Carousel where all answer	10 mins		Pointing straight up at a 90 degree
	the same question, or	 Explain that pupils are 		angle from a horizontal base.
	simply give a topic for	going to use this		
	discussion or review.	decision-making	_	
	As an alternative, the child	process to come up		Wavy
	holding the ball is not	with a plan to help the		
	permitted to speak, with the	school council with a		Curvy in shape.
	rest of the group telling	new project, e.g.		
	them how they thought they	deciding how and		
	got on in the lesson, for	where to plant a new		
	example what they did	apple tree; choosing		
	well/what they could			
	improve.	s <mark>om</mark> e new equipment		
		for the playground;	L.	
		deciding where to put		
		some new bins around		
		the school.		
		 Spend some time 		
		discussing what the		
		cl <mark>ass </mark> will need to do		
		n <mark>ow a</mark> nd who might be		
		ab <mark>le t</mark> o help and give		
		the <mark>m a</mark> dvice.		
		Reflect		
		5 mins		
		Lesson slide 8 and Work		
		booklet page 4		
		 Pupils should 		
		complete their		
		Learning review.		
		If you have time, you		
		could share what the		
		pupils have written.		
LO: To listen carefully to	REAL PE: PERSONAL	PE with Joe	PE With Joe	PE With Joe
instructions using warm up		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d3LPrhlov-w
activities.	Lesson 3	5 Minute Move Kids	5 Minute Move Kids	5 Minute Move Kids
Activity: We're riding on a		Workout 1 The Body	Workout 1 The Body Coach	Workout 1 The Body Coach
bikeriding in the rain, up a		Coach TV	TV	TV
		COACILIV	I V	l v

Daily PE Activity

hill, on one wheel, really fast song.

SURE TE	Support Assessment Comm
on said to have a line to	
A STATE OF	PV 1
Personal Skills	Fundamental Movement Skills
Personal Skills	Coordination
(Excended)	
- Unoverlies are withing learning.	Coordination

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н	om	en	/or	K:

Communicating with school

Please direct all queries to the school office email on: office@olc.solihull.sch.uk